

AMENDED CLAIMS

1. A medium-carrying hose, preferably for pressure
medium and for use in e.g. engine compartments, the wall
5 of the hose comprising at least one wall portion (5)
which is connected with at least one expansion portion
(4) to form a continuous hose casing, so that the
circumference of the hose is variable between a minimum
value, when the expansion portion (4) is unexpanded, and
10 a maximum value, when the expansion portion (4) is
maximally expanded and said expanded portion (4) extends
in the transverse and the longitudinal direction of the
hose, the wall portions (5) being displaced relative to
each other in the transverse as well as the longitudinal
15 direction of the hose as the circumference increases and
the expansion portion (4) expands,
c h a r a c t e r i s e d i n
that the wall and expansion portions (5, 4) are
differently formed in different parts (1, 2, 3) along the
20 hose in order to control, during expansion or vibration
of the hose, the direction of motion of the different
parts (1, 2, 3) in a desirable manner.

2. A medium-carrying hose according to claim 1,
c h a r a c t e r i s e d i n
25 that the relationships of the wall and expansion portions
(5, 4) are different in different parts along the hose
(1, 2, 3) in order to control, during expansion of the
hose, the direction of motion of the different parts (1,
2, 3) in a desirable manner.

30 3. A medium-carrying hose according to claim 1 or 2,
c h a r a c t e r i s e d i n
that the hose is preformed to have a certain extent in
the longitudinal direction, and that the design of, and
the relationships of, the wall and expansion portions (5,
35 4) in the hose casing in each part of the hose is adapted
to the preform of the hose in the respective parts (1, 2,
3) of the hose.

4. A medium-carrying hose according to any one of
claims 1-3,
characterised in
that the expansion portion is a groove in the hose casing
5 when this is in an unexpanded state.

5. A medium-carrying hose according to claim 4,
characterised in
that the groove is helically turned seen in the
longitudinal direction of the hose.

10 6. A medium-carrying hose according to claim 5,
characterised in
that the helical groove has a varying number of turns per
unit of length of the hose.

7. A medium-carrying hose according to claim 5 or 6,
15 characterised in
that the helical groove has different direction of
turning in different parts of the hose.

8. A medium-carrying hose according to any one of
claims 5-7,
20 characterised in
that the cross-sectional shape of the groove is different
in different parts of the hose.

9. A medium-carrying hose according to any one of
claims 1-8,
25 characterised in
that the hose has at least two expansion portions, which
are uniformly distributed along the circumference of the
hose casing.

10. A medium-carrying hose according to any one of
30 claims 1-9,
characterised in
that the hose has four wall portions in addition to four
expansion portions, which are alternately arranged
along the circumference of the hose casing.

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11. A medium-carrying hose according to any one of
claims 1-10,
characterised in
that the hose along its circumference is provided with an
elastic material.

10 12. A medium-carrying hose according to any one of
claims 1-10,
characterised in
that the hose along its inner circumference is provided
with an elastic material.

13. A method for manufacturing a hose according to
claim 1 by extruding the materials forming the hose,
characterised by
extruding, in addition to the hose material and together
15 with this, a form material, which is adapted to be a
preform for the hose material for the desired
configuration of the expansion portions and wall
portions.

20 14. A method according to claim 13,
characterised in
that the form material is arranged along the outer
circumference of the hose material.

25 15. A method according to claim 13 or 14,
characterised in
that the form material is accumulated in the portions of
the hose material which are adapted to form expansion
portions.

16. A method according to any one of claims 13-15,
characterised in
that the form material is an elastic material, which
extends along the circumference of the hose material.

35 17. A method according to claim 16,
characterised in
that the form material in the completed hose is arranged
along the circumference of the hose material and provides
a smooth outer face for the hose.

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18. A method according to any one of claims 13-16,
c h a r a c t e r i s e d i n
that the form material is removed from the hose material
in order to form the completed hose.

19. A method according to claim 18,
c h a r a c t e r i s e d i n
that the form material has the property that it can be
washed away from the hose material.

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